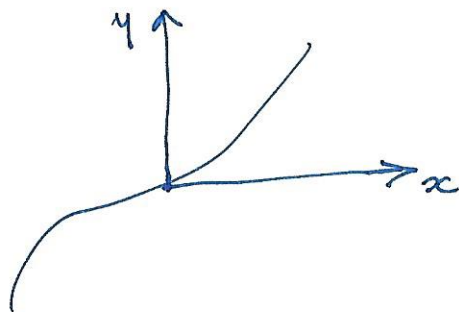


Implicit Functions theorem

Pb: Solve $f(x, y) = 0$ w.r.t. y .

(A) given $f(0, 0) = 0$ in the neighborhood of $x=0$



Taylor:

$$y = y_0 + y'_x \Big|_0 x + \frac{1}{2} y''_{xx} \Big|_0 x^2 + \dots \text{ etc.}$$

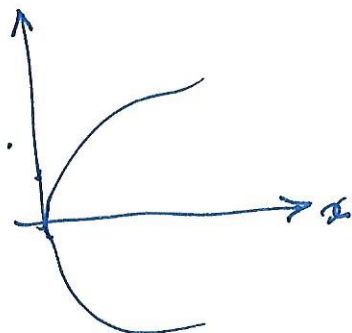
$$y'_x \Big|_0 = - \frac{f'_x}{f'_y} \Big|_0 \quad \text{No problem as far as } f'_y \neq 0$$

In pendulum-like resonant problems: $f'_y = 0$ (but $f''_y \neq 0$).

We may solve the inverse problem (find $x = x(y)$).

$$\boxed{\text{If } f'_y = 0}$$

$y'_x \rightarrow \infty$ @ origin.



$$x = x_0 + x'_y \Big|_0 y + \frac{1}{2} x''_{yy} \Big|_0 y^2 + \dots$$

$\underbrace{\quad}_{\text{this} = 0}$

So when we invert to obtain $y(x)$ (invert by iterating).

$$y = \sqrt{\frac{2x}{x''_{yy}}} + \dots \quad \boxed{y \sim \sqrt{x}}$$

then we see that we have to expand in \sqrt{x} instead of x to solve the given Pb. (A)

$$\boxed{\text{If } f''_y = 0}$$

the same with cubes and 3rd



$$y = y_0 + y'_{\sqrt{x}} \Big|_0 \sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{2} y''_{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{x}} \Big|_0 x + \dots x\sqrt{x} + \dots$$

N.B. $y'_{\sqrt{x}} = - \frac{2 f'_x \sqrt{x}}{f''_{yy}} \sim \frac{0}{0}$ indetermination to solve with l'hospital $\rightarrow y'_{\sqrt{x}} = \frac{\#}{\#}$ or if $f''_{yy} \neq 0$